

# Covert administration of medicines

Guidance on Legal and Best Practice

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#### About me.....





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Clinical Commissioning Groups

### **Objectives**

- Define covert administration of medicines
- Identify when it can be an issue
- List the procedures for a safe and legal practice
- Explain when to apply Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS)
- Evaluate when to review this practice

## **Background (1)**

**Back in 2015...** 

Overall Inadequate

Read overall summary

In 2015, Care Quality Commission (CQC) identified inadequate practices in medicine management in Bristol nursing homes.

This included malpractice in the covert administration of medication

## Background (2)

#### In 2016...

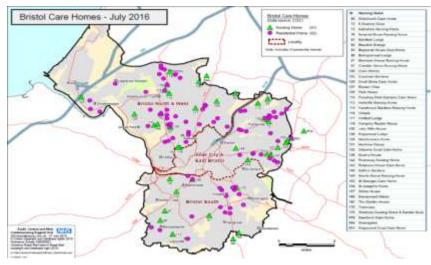
40 nursing homes in Bristol15 nursing homes were administering medicines covertly

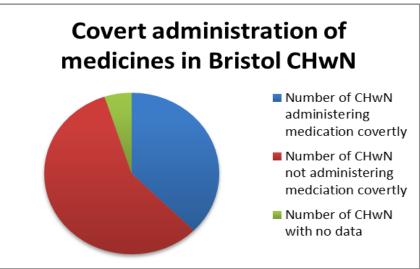
All homes were audited April-June

#### Audits in 2016 highlighted:

- 11 were non-compliant
- 2 were semi-compliant (covert medicines procedures were missing from the home policy)
- Only 2 were fully compliant

**Compliant**: cover all the legal, ethical and training aspects required for a safe administration of medication covertly



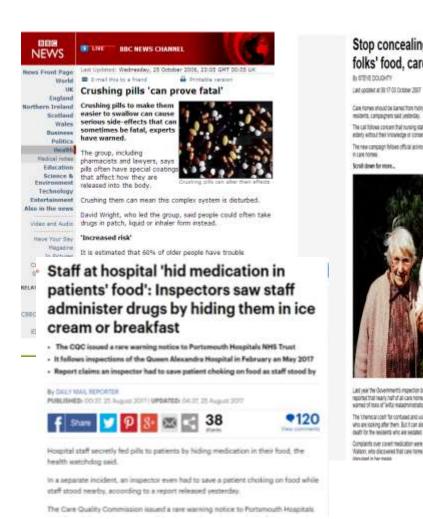


## What is covert administration of medication?

Covert administration of medicines is when medication is given to a patient without their knowledge and/or consent in a drink or with food



## Why is it important?





warned of feats of "wifus replacementation of medicine".

The "there cal cosh" for confused and vulnerable people can make the way for those who are looking after them. But it can also lead to a capit decire in health and his of

Companie over cover residuation were resed with the Scotter Parliament by Hunter

Watson, who discovered that care forms staff were giving medication to the mother



#### Issues with covert medication

#### **Pharmaceutical**: (Crushing Tablets)

- •For some drugs, the therapeutic window is small, slight changes can affect the drug efficacy or increase the likelihood of side effects.
- ▶e.g. digoxin, carbamazepine and phenytoin

Drugs that are best absorbed on an empty stomach >e.g. 50% of absorption of penicillin is lost when given with food

#### What can not be crushed?

Modified release (slow or extended release) tablets or capsules (MR/SR....etc)

Enteric coated /Film coated tablet or capsules. These can be identified by the abbreviation EN or EC

Hormone, steroid, antibiotic or chemotherapy (cytotoxic) medicines

And many more.....

Nurses/carers/healthcare staff have a professional responsibility to question whether the medicines are appropriate before administration



#### Issues with covert medication

#### Medicines and food

- Tea and coffee will cause precipitation of some medication such as some antipsychotics such as haloperidol
- Some medicines interact with calcium and absorption will be reduced (e.g. ciprofloxacin with milky porridge)
- Levothyroxine, thyroid hormones levels can decrease if given with foods and supplements that contain: calcium carbonate or if taken with calcium fortified juice.

#### Issues with covert medication

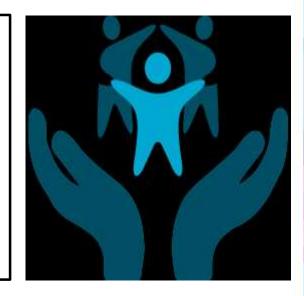
#### **Legal issues:**

Mental Capacity Act 2005: the practice of giving medication covertly applies only to people who lack capacity.

(It must be remembered that capacity changes).

#### **Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS)**

The Mental Capacity Act allows restraint and restrictions to be used – but only if they are in a person's best interests. (giving **sedatives** and other drugs may amount to a certain level of DoLs)



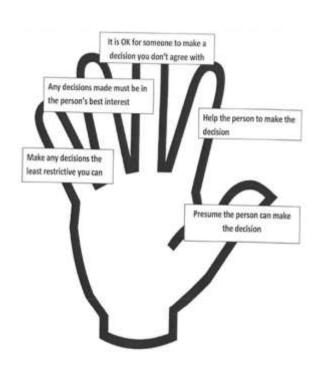


#### 1.Mental capacity assessment:

According to Mental Capacity Act 2005 and the organisational policies and procedures

#### 5 core principles:

- Presume capacity
- Encourage people to have capacity
- The right to make unwise decisions
- Decisions must be in best interest
- Least restrictive option



#### 2.Best interest decision:

It must involve a multi-disciplinary approach involving:

- > GP
- ➤ Nurse/care worker
- > Family/friend/Lasting power of attorney
- ➤ Pharmacist/Pharmacy Technician



#### **Management plan and documentation:**

- Mental capacity assessment (specific to medication decisions)
- Management plan on how the medication will be covertly administered safely



#### **Reviews:**

- ➤ Specify the timeframe for reviews certain changes will trigger an **early review** (changes in meds)
- ➤ Reviews should include an assessment if covert administration of medicines is still the least restrictive option
- ➤Outcome of the reviews should be communicated to the relevant professionals and family members

#### **Covert medication and DoLS**

The **Court of Protection** provided guidance for procedures to be followed to protect unlawful interference with article 5 and article 8 (Human rights)



#### The guidance highlights:

- Considering covert meds as a last resort
- ➤ if there is no agreement during the best interest meeting there should be an immediate application to the **Court of protection**



## Things to consider (1)

- Ensure that the patient is eating all the food is the medicines is given covertly
- Medicines are offered openly first on a daily basis before considering covert administration option

 Consider the medicines with a bad taste once crush as this can affect patient medicines compliance http://www.jnursinghomeresearch.com/483-taste-of-ten-drugs-frequently-



## Things to consider

- Explore the patient's food preferences, this will improve compliance
- Patterns of behaviour should be monitored, a person might be refusing their medication at certain times of the day
- Dementia training is essential to develop persuasive techniques and establish the patient's preferences



## **Best practice**













## **Case study**



#### Let's Kahoot!

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**Step Two**: enter the pin given



**Step three**: enter your nickname



#### Conclusion

- Only consider covert administration as a last resort, always consider other options
- Nurses and other healthcare professionals are responsible to question whether the medicines are appropriate before administration
- Certain types of medicines administered covertly automatically require a DoLs application
- Safe and legal pathway to set up covert medication includes: mental capacity assessment (DoLS if required), best interest, management plan and reviews

## **Questions**

